



Maricopa County Environmental Services Department

Methods Utilized Towards Meeting FDA Voluntary National Retail Food Regulatory Program Standards

Standard 3 - Inspection Based on HACCP Principles







Working with our community to ensure a safe and healthy environment

VISION STATEMENT:

As the recognized regional environmental leader, we will develop and foster innovative environmental health protection programs for the safety of our residents and their environment.

MISSION STATEMENT:

The mission of the Environmental Services Department is to provide safe food, water, waste disposal and vector borne disease reduction controls to the people of Maricopa County so that they may enjoy living in a healthy and safe community.



Maricopa County's Enrollment in the Voluntary National Retail Regulatory Program Standards



- Enrolled in the Program since 2002.
- MCESD met Standards 1, 7, and 9 after the first Self-Assessment in 2002.
- MCESD met Standards 1, 3, 4, 7, and 9 following the last Self-Assessment in 2015.
- Currently conducting the Department's fourth Self-Assessment.



MCESD's History Meeting Standard 3



- MCESD adoption of the 1999 FDA Food Code by reference in 2001.
 - Change in the inspection form to model the FDA's form requiring the selection of In, Out, NO, and NA for each risk factor.
 - Class based inspection frequency.
 - Code Variance requests.
 - Verification and validation of HACCP plans.





Comments:

Food Establishment Inspection Report
Maricopa County Environmental Health Division
501 N 44th St. Suite #200
Phone: (602) 506-6616 Fax: (602) 506-6862
esd.maricopa.gov

Date:	
Time In:	
Time Out:	

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_					Time Out
No. of Priority Violations:	No. of Core Violations: Grade (optional):			Phone:	
Establishment:	Address:	City/State:		Zip Code:	Email:
Permit ID:	Permit Holder:	Purpose of Ins	Purpose of Inspection:		Risk Category:
FOODBORNE ILLNESS RISK FACTORS AND PUBLIC HEALTH INTERVENTIONS					j

Based on the inspection this date, the items listed below identify violations in operations or facilities which must be corrected. The risk factor violations listed 1-27 and MRF relate directly to the protection of the public from food borne illness. Those items shall be corrected as soon as possible, or by such time indicated, or within 10 days of the

				e ins	spection	in or wit	thin the	time frame specified. Failure to comply with time limits for con	Tect	ion
may			tion of your Food Service operations. IN sin compliance, OUT and in compliance, N/Osnot observ	and l	N/A =r	nt annli	cable	Check for Repeat: R=repeat violation R2=2" repeat violation	n .	_
Compliance Status			R2				R.	M2		
Demonstration of Knowledge					Potentially Hazardous Food Time/Temperature					
1			Certification by accredited program, compliance with			16		Proper cooking time & temperatures		
			Code, or correct responses	Ш	ш	17			ᆖ	F
			Employee Health			18		0,	ᆖ	F
2			Management awareness; policy present	П		19			Ħ	Ħ
3			Proper use of reporting, restriction & exclusion	H	н	20			片	H
_			Good Hygienic Practices	ч	~~	21		Proper date marking & disposition	금	Ħ
4	T		Proper eating, tasting, drinking, or tobacco use	П	ш	22		Time as a public health control: procedures & record	一	늗
5			No discharge from eyes, nose, and mouth	H	н			Consumer Advisory	_	_
				23		Consumer advisory provided for raw or undercooked				
6			Hands clean & properly washed	П	ш	foods				ᆮ
7			No bare hand contact with RTE foods or approved	늗	늗	Highly Suscentible Populations		Highly Susceptible Populations		-
			alternate method properly followed			24		Pasteurized foods used; prohibited foods not offered		
8			Adequate handwashing facilities supplied & accessible			24		Pasteurized roods used, promoted roods not offered		匚
0			Approved Source	ш	ш			Chemical		-
9			Food obtained from approved source	П		25		Food additives: approved & properly used		_
10			Food received at proper temperature	H	н	26		Toxic substances properly identified, stored & used	≓	⊨
11			Food in good condition, safe, & unadulterated	Н	н	26	Cor	formance with approved Procedures/Mobile Food	-	-
	-			느	ш	27	COI		-	
12			Required records available: shellstock tags, parasite destruction					Compliance with variance, specialized process, & HACCP plan		
			Protection from Contamination	_		MRF		Risk Factors associated with Mobile Food		匚
13			Food separated & protected	Ш	Ш			ors are improper practices or procedures identified as t	he	
14			Food-contact surfaces: cleaned & sanitized	Ш	Ш			alent contributing factors of foodborne illness or injury.		
15			Proper disposition of returned, previously served,	П	ш			alth interventions are control measures to prevent food!	borr	ne
			reconditioned, & unsafe food	_	느		ss or i		_	_
			GOOD R							
			Good Retail Practices are preventative measures to cont Mark "X" in box if numbered item is not in complian							
				R	R2				R.	FC2
Safe Food and Water						Proper Use of Utensils				
28		Pasteu	rized eggs used where required			41		In-use utensils: properly stored		
29			s ice from approved source			42		Utensils, equipment & linens: properly stored, dried & handled	\Box	
30		_	te obtained for specialized processing methods	듬	Ħ	43	\equiv	Single-use & single-service articles: properly stored & used	Ħ	F
		_	_	44	H	1	H	H		
Food Temperature Control				44	_	Gloves used properly	ш	_		
41			cooling methods used; adequate equipment for ature control			45		Utensils, Equipment and Vending	_	
32		Plant fo	od property cooked for hot holding			45		Food & non-food contact surfaces cleanable, properly designed, constructed & used		L
33		Approv	ed thawing methods used			46		Warewashing facilities: installed, maintained, & used; test strips		
34		Thermo	meters provided & accurate			47		Non-food contact surfaces clean		
			Food Identification					Physical facilities		П
35	\Box	Food n	roperly labeled; original container			48		Hot & cold water available; adequate pressure	一	Г
	_	i coa p	Prevention of food Contamination			49	$\overline{}$	Plumbing installed; proper backflow devices	H	F
36		1					듬		屵	H
37	늗		, rodents, & animals not present; no unauthorized persons	믐	ዞ	50		Sewage & waste water properly disposed	屵	H
	늗		ination prevented during food preparation, storage & display		므	51		Toilet facilities: properly constructed, supplied, & cleaned		H
38	\blacksquare	Person	al deanliness			52		Garbage & refuse property disposed; facilities maintained	닏	L
39		Wiping	cloths: properly used & stored			53		Physical facilities installed, maintained, & clean		L
40		Washin	g fruits & vegetables			54		Adequate ventilation & lighting; designated areas used		
<u></u>						MRF		Good Retail Practices associated with Mobile Food		





MCESD Class Based Inspection Frequency

Classifications for Food Establishments:

- Class 1 (ex. prepackaged retail foods and non-food est.)(Annual insp.)
- Class 2 (ex. bakeries, prep. of pre-prepared foods, food banks) (Bi-annual insp.)
- Class 3 (ex. menu limited to cook-serve) (Bi-annual insp.)
- Class 4 (ex. extensive menu involving advanced prep.) (Insp. every four months)
- Class 5 (ex. high risk est. highly susceptible populations and catering operations)
 (Quarterly inspections)



MCESD Variance Requests for Food Establishments



- Variances Required:
 - Smoking food as a method of food preservation (3-502.11(A))
 - Curing food(3-502.11(B))
 - Using food additives as a method of food preservation or to render a food non-TCS (3-502.11(C))
 - Reduced oxygen packaging(3-502.11(D))
 - Operating a live molluscan shellfish tank(3-502.11(E))
 - Custom animal processing(3-502.11(F))
 - Sprouting seeds or beans(3-502.11(H))
 - Any other activity determined by Department (3-502.11(G)). This
 includes the live slaughter of animals, fish and/or birds (MCEHC
 Chapter 8, Section 5, Regulation 3b)



MCESD Active Managerial Control Intervention Plan



- Required whenever a Priority violation of the same code reference is noted on two consecutive inspections.
- EHS offers the operator the opportunity for a separate AMC Intervention visit.
- AMC Intervention visit:
 - Root-Cause-Analysis of the out of compliance risk factors.
 - Develop a policy
 - Develop a training plan on the policy
 - Develop a verification procedure for the policy
- AMC Class intervention:
 - Required whenever a Priority violation of the same code reference is noted on three consecutive inspections.



MCESD Active Managerial Control Toolbox



- 2015 MCESD was awarded a 5-year FDA Cooperative Agreement Grant.
 - Year 1: Risk Factor Survey
 - Year 2: AMC Toolbox and training staff on AMC
 - Year 3: Outreach, videos linked to inspection reports
 - Year 4: Revisions and Updates
 - Year 5: Risk Factor Survey



MCESD Active Managerial Control Toolbox



ENGLISH AMC TOOLBOX

Cold Holding

Hot Holding

Handwashing

Food Contact Surfaces

Cooking

Cooling

Reheating

Approved Source

Employee Health

Cross Contamination COLD HOLDING TOOLBOX





HOW TO GET STARTED DEVELOPING YOUR PLAN



1. Let's Start With These Videos







- 2. Review These Documents
- AMC Features (PDF)
- · AMC Overview Guidance (PDF
- Cold Holding Challenges Guldance (PDF)
- 3. Need Help Developing Your Policy?
- · Cold Holding Policy Poster (PDF)
- · Policies Are Actions (PDF)
- Cold Holding Policy Guidance (PDF)
- Cold Holding Policy Sample Language (PDF)
- Cold Holding Policy Template (PD)
- 4. Need Help Implementing a Training Program?
- Cold Holding Training Poster (PDF)
- Teach Demonstrate Practice (PDF)
- Cold Holding Training Guidance (PDF)
- + Cold Holding Log (DCC
- · Cold Holding Log (XLSX)
- s Nood Halp Fetablishing Varification Mathods?



MCESD Active Managerial Control Toolbox



Who?



Everyone Working with Cold TCS Food

Where?



Walk-ins, Reach-ins, Self-Service

What?



Keep TC\$ Food Under 41°F

How?



Monitor/Log Food & Equipment Temperatures

When?



Preparation, Storage, Service

Correction?



Chill/Discard Food - Repair Equipment



Active Managerial Control Policy: Cold Holding Sample Language



Why this is important: Bacteria multiply rapidly in the temperature danger zone (between 41°F and 135°F). To prevent rapid bacterial growth, all cold, time/temperature control for safety (TCS) food(s) must be maintained at or below 41°F.

Who does this apply to:	Example(s): All food employees are responsible for cold holding of TCS foods; Cold prep food employees are responsible for cold holding of TCS foods; Shift managers are responsible for cold holding of TCS foods
When will this be performed:	Example(s): Cold holding of TCS foods occurs during lunch service only (11am - 2pm); Cold holding of TCS foods occurs 24-7 at this food service establishment
Where does this take place:	Example(s): Cold holding of TCS foods is performed in a walk-in refrigerator, walk-in freezer and line prep coolers; Cold holding of TCS foods is performed in reach-in freezers, reach-in refrigerators, drawer coolers and ice baths
How is this completed:	Example(s): Cold holding of TCS foods, at 41° F or below, is ensured by use of properly located indicating thermometers and frequent monitoring of food temperatures using a probe thermometer
Corrective Action:	Example(s): TCS foods that have been above 41°F for 4 hours or more are discarded. TCS foods that have been above 41°F for less than 4 hours is removed from service and rapidly cooled and placed in a functioning refrigeration unit.
Monitoring Steps:	Example(s): The back of the house manager monitors temperatures 2 times during his/ her shift using a clean and sanitized probe thermometer; Kitchen employees monitor TCS food temperatures daily, using a clean and calibrated probe thermometer, and record temperatures on a temperature log
Training of Staff:	Example(s): Food employees are required to read these food safety system procedures when they are hired. The kitchen manager then demonstrates the procedures for all employees; Refresher training is provided through daily/weekly tailgate discussions.
Verification of Policy:	Example(s): The Manager on duty spot checks the indicating thermometers in cold holding units and TCS food temperatures with a calibrated thermometer; The Person In Charge (PIC) reviews logs and spot checks TCS food temperatures using a clean, calibrated thermometer If infractions of this FSS are repeated, modifications to the training protocol or monitoring steps will be made based on observations and this FSS will be updated accordingly.



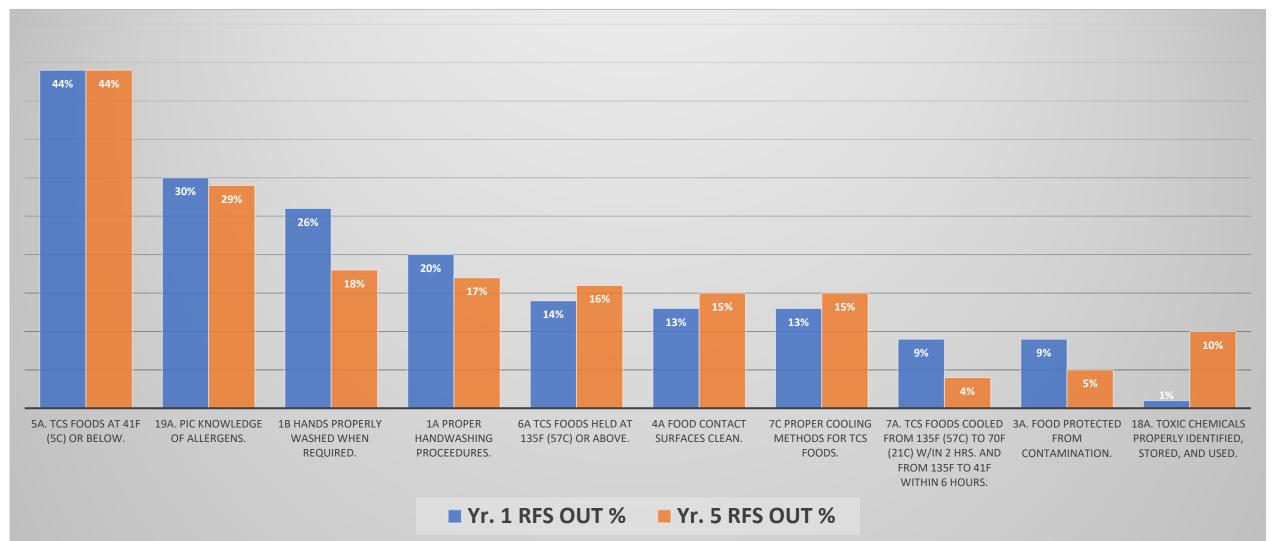






2015 Risk Factor Survey Vs. 2020 Risk Factor Survey Out of Compliance Risk Factors







Virtual Active Managerial Control







Maricopa County's Active Managerial Control Course



- MCESD's Active Managerial Control Course (AMC) for food service operators.
 - Developed in 2012.
 - Promotes the active participation of management in the daily operations of their business with a focus on Policy, Training, and Verification.
 - Course attendees have a 53% reduction in the occurrence of risk factor violations.





Questions?



Maricopa County Environmental Services Department Environmental Health Division

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Eastern Regional Office

Additional Resources:

https://esd.maricopa.gov/5114/Food-Restaurants