

Sous Vide Food Safety

REDUCED OXYGEN PACKAGING

WHY SV?

SV → serve
Bulk food prep
Allergen-free prep
Culinary \$\$\$

- Trap juice/fat, ↓ washout
- Keep items from falling apart
- Remove oxygen (ROP)
reduce oxidation
 - ↓ color changes
 - ↓ flavor changes
- Cook at a precise temp
- HTST (high temp-short time)
- LTLT (low temp – long time)

Crispy Duck Confit

SV-hot hold-serve

Octopus (usually HTST)

The incredible
edible EGG

Ambient steak
interior with fully
cooked surface

SV - serve

Poultry using USDA
cooking charts

4 lb burger cooked thru

Seafood, undercooked

Beef or pork using food code
roast cooking charts

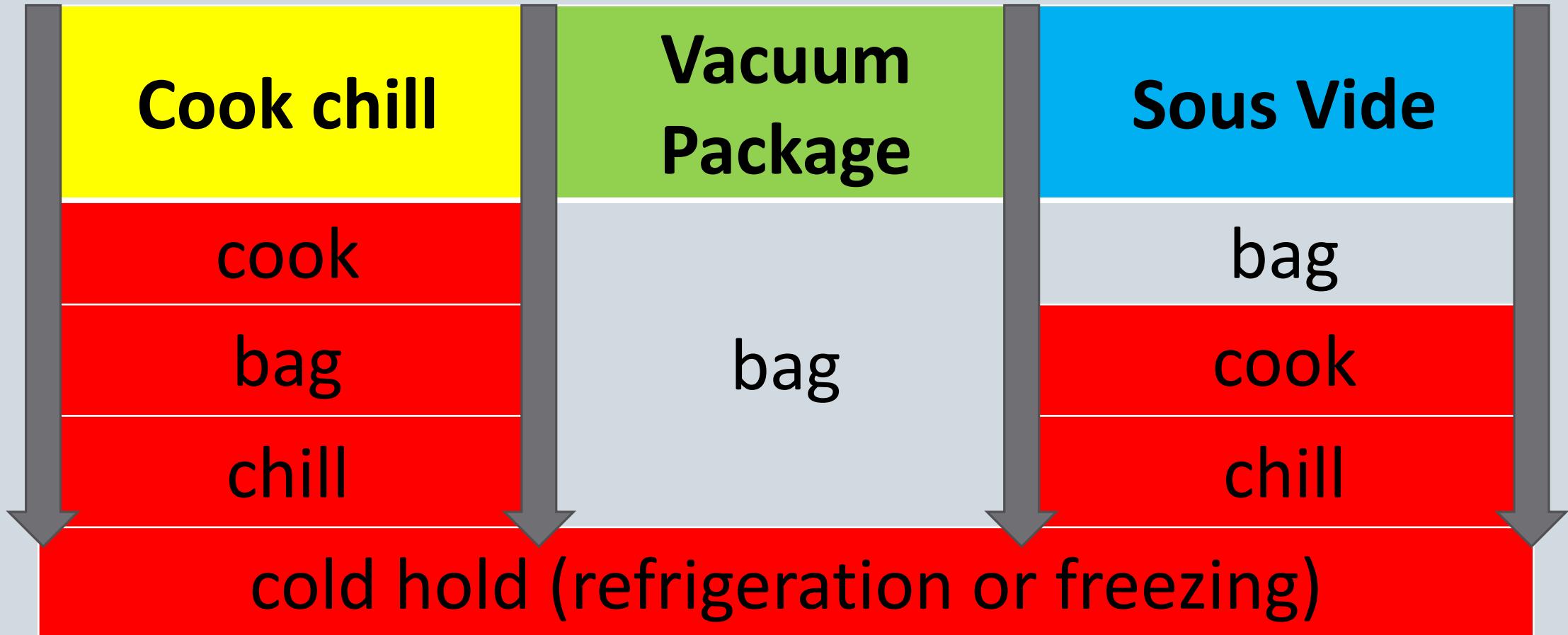
Perfect crust tenderloin

72 h ribs

Pasteurize house-made
salami



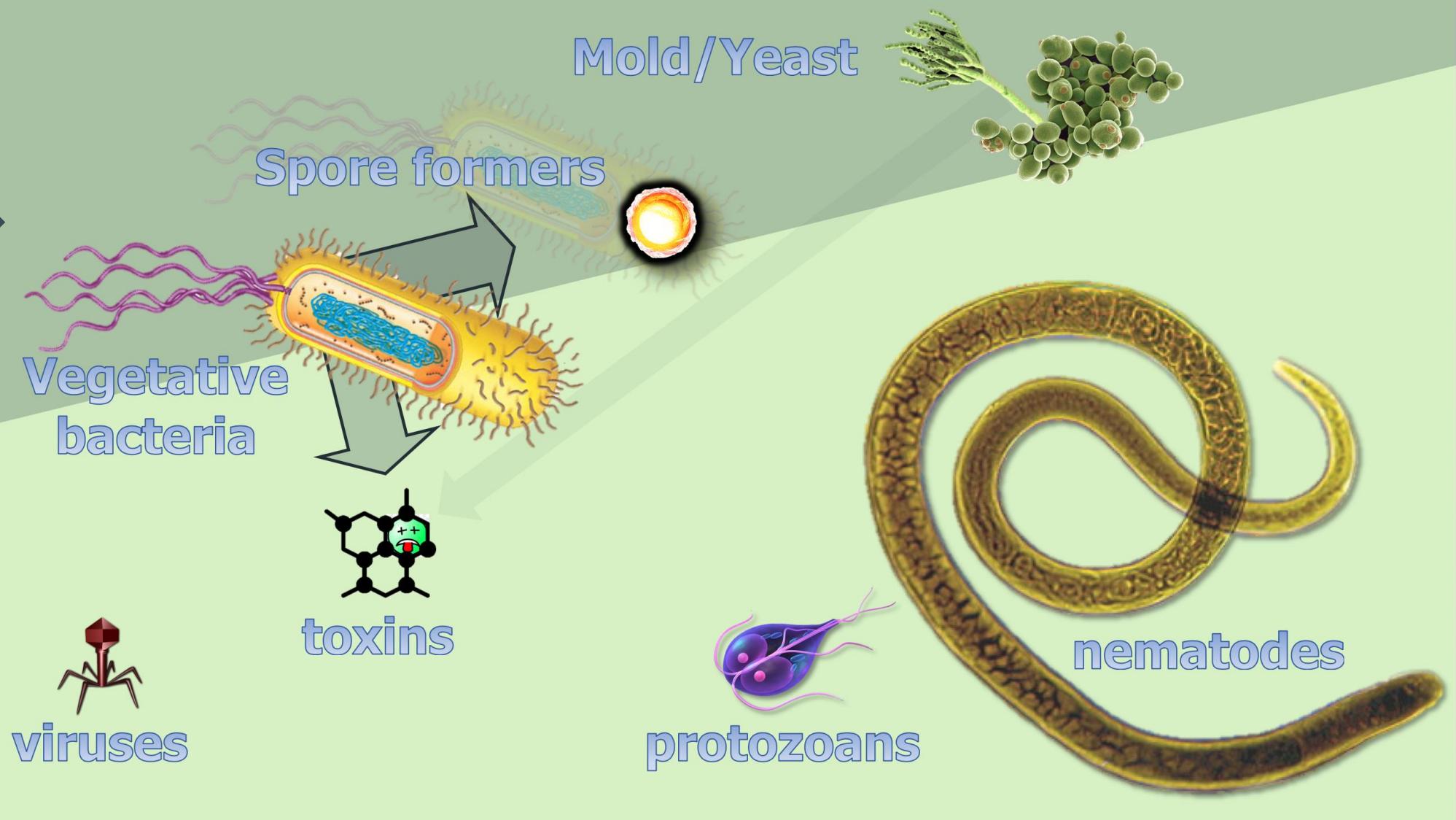
ROP Flow of Food



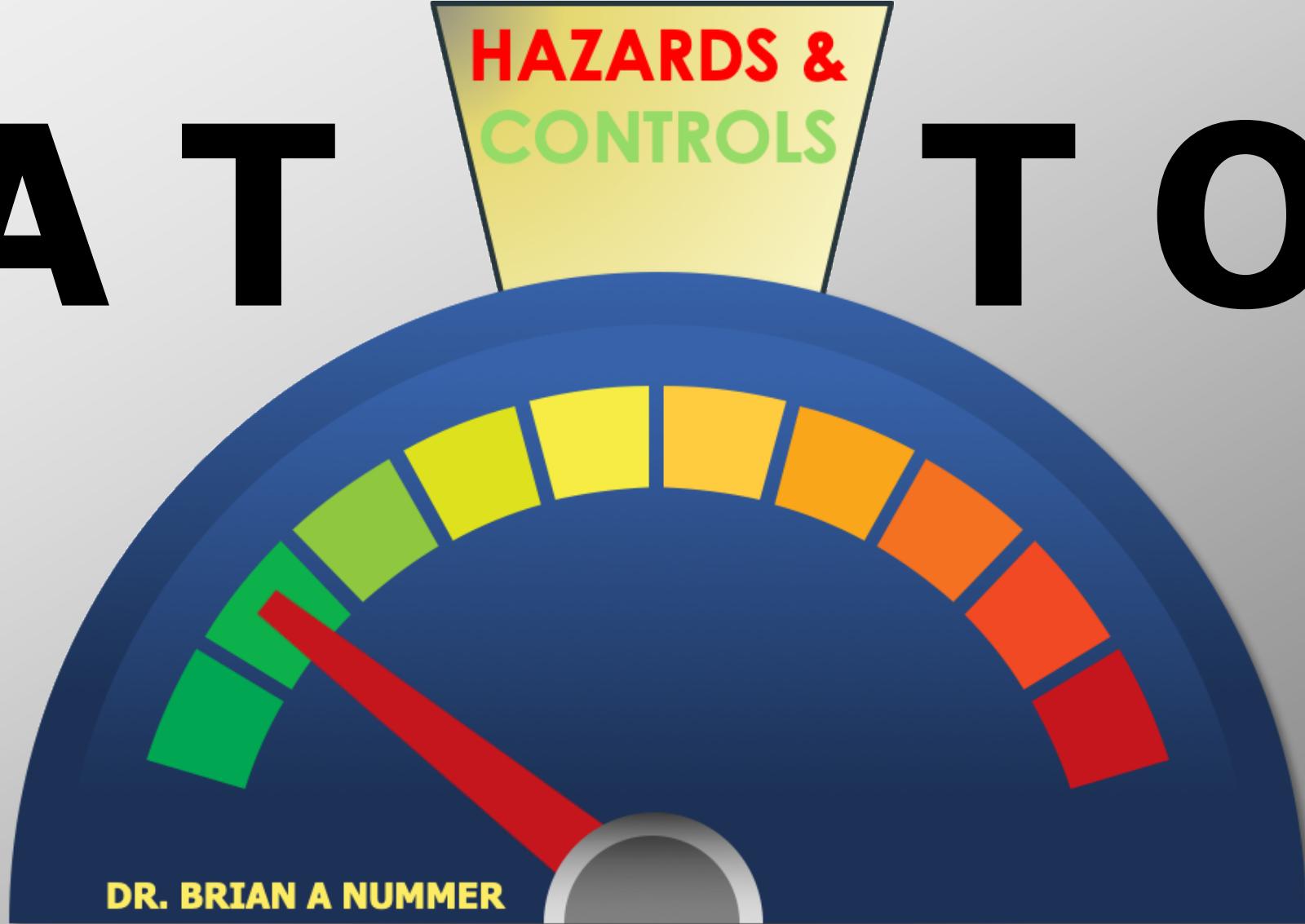
Biological HAZARDS

SV

-  VP
-  Cook
-  Chill
-  Cold Hold



FAT TOM

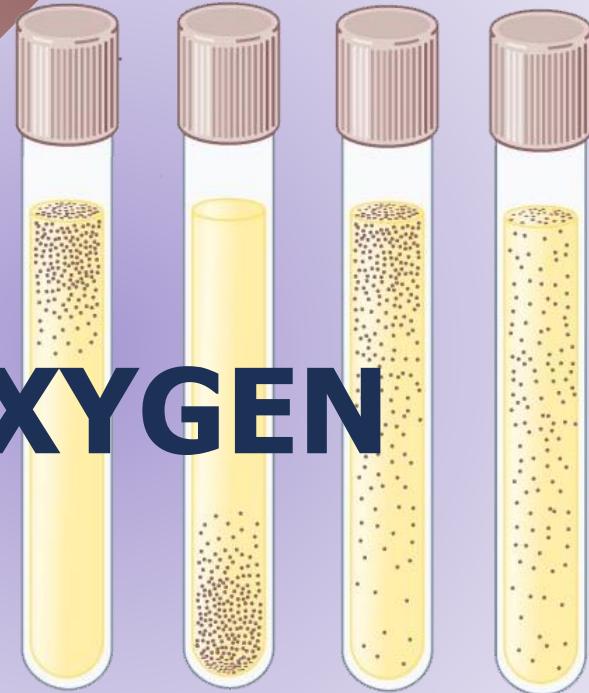
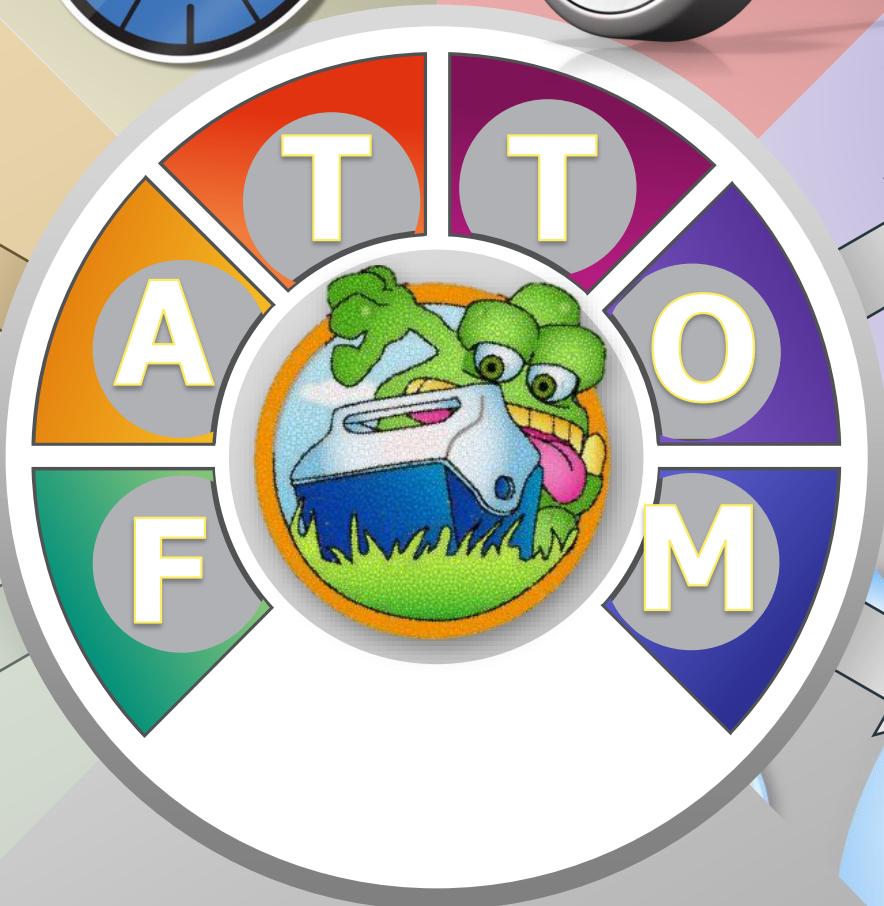


TIME



ACID

FOOD

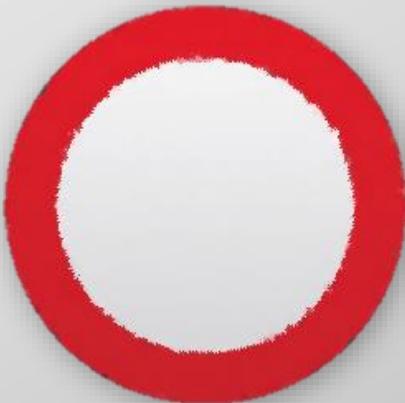
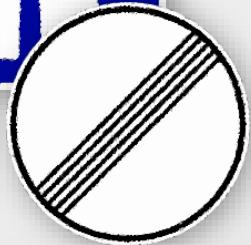


OXYGEN

MOISTURE



People Tools Process



HURDLES

HAZARDS

No growth

Very Slow Growth

Growth possible

No growth or Survival

BARRIERS PATHOGENS vs SPOILAGE

ELIMINATION

THE FOOD SAFETY CONTROL METER

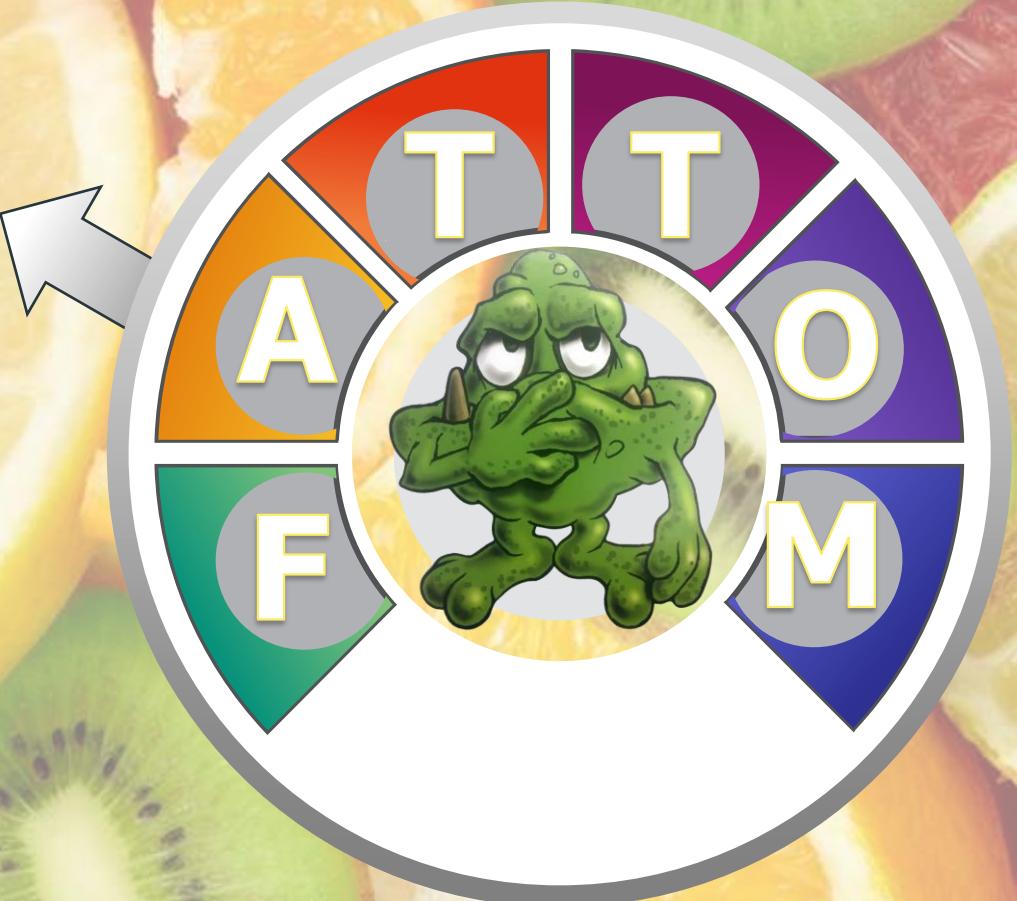
Microbial
Food
carbon source(s)
nitrogen source(s)
Inhibitor(s)

FOOD



Microbes
PRESENT
BACTERIA
YEAST/MOLD
VIRUSES
PARASITES

ACIDITY



VP



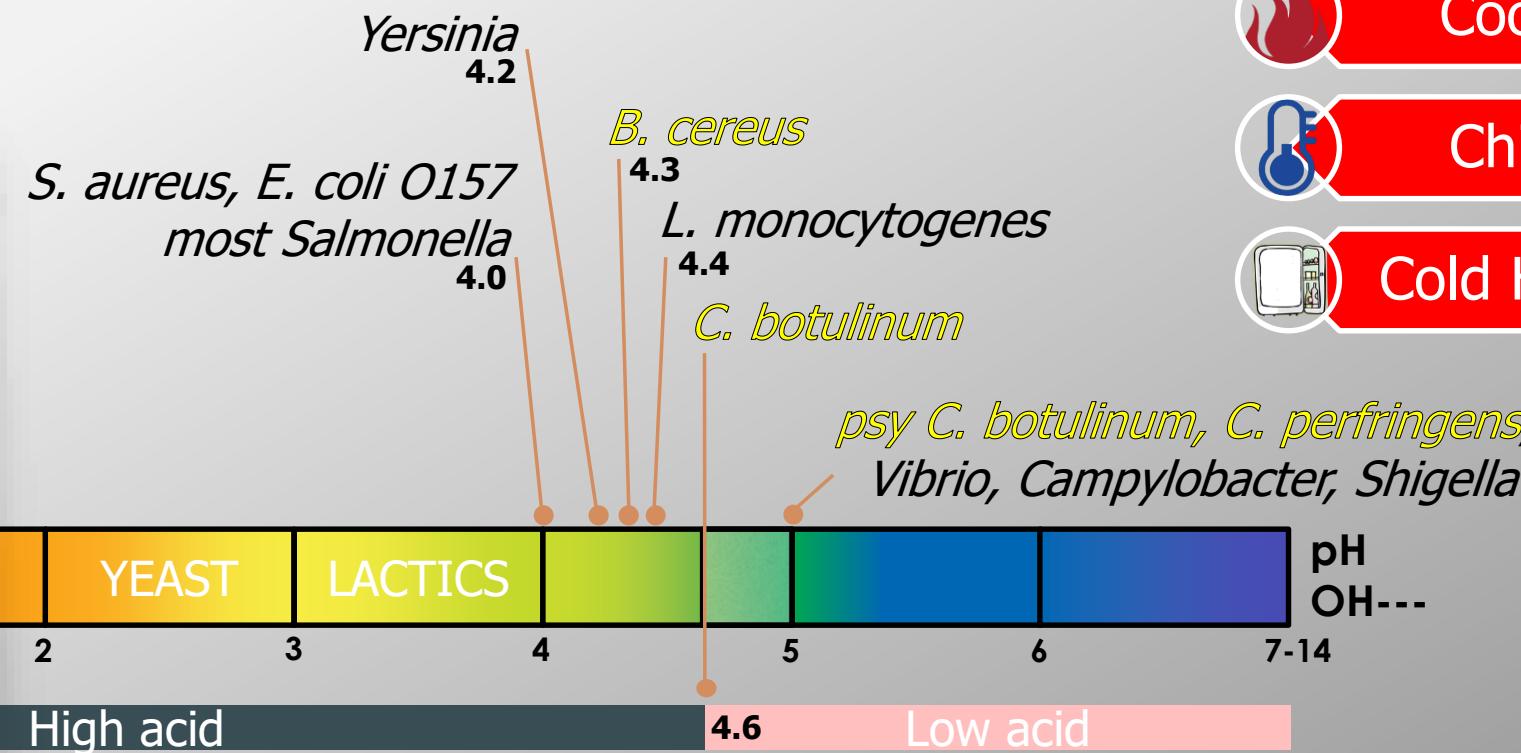
Cook



Chill



Cold Hold



Growth vs survival



VP



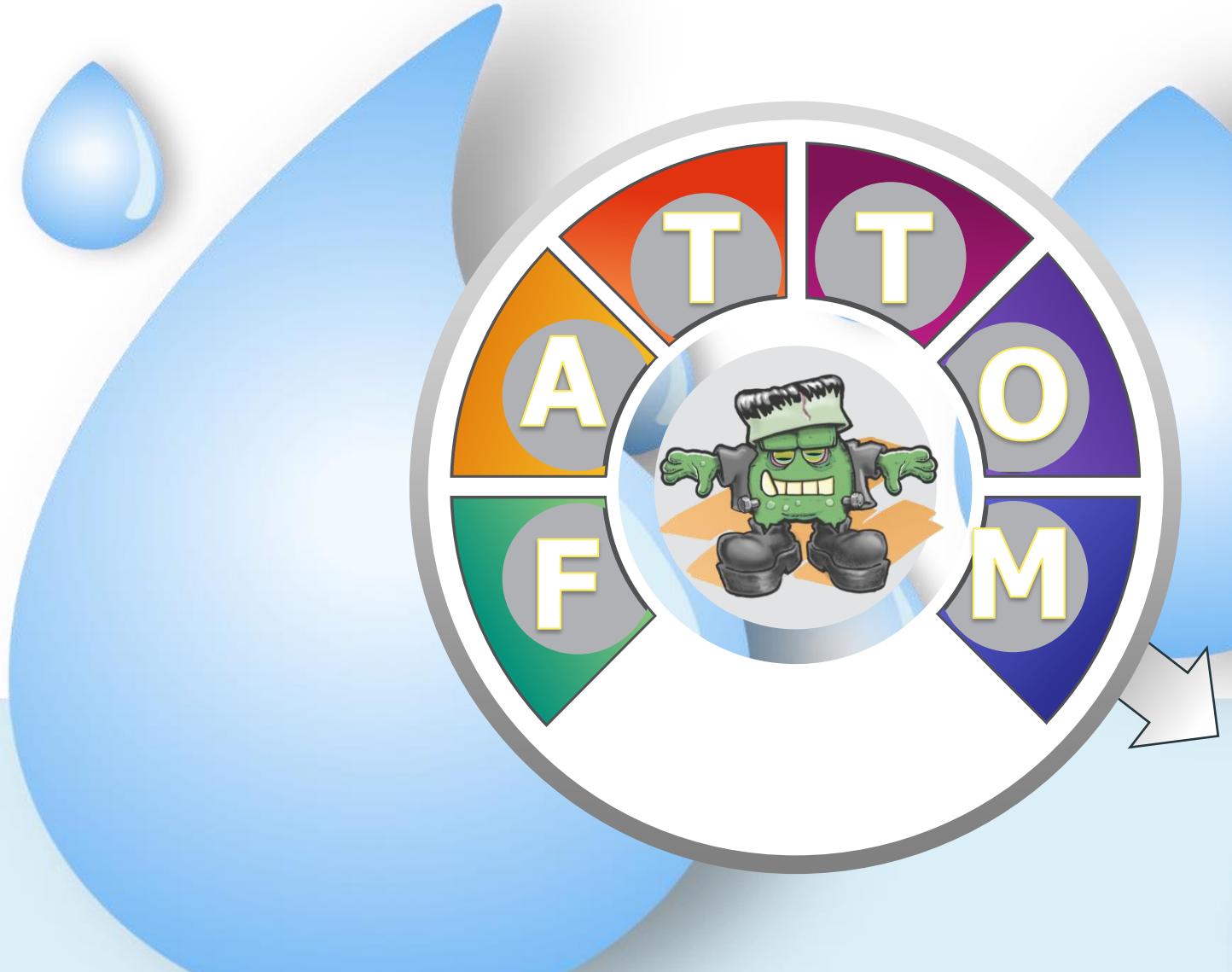
Cook



Chill



Cold Hold



MOISTURE

Intermediate moisture foods

No pathogen growth – spoilage potential

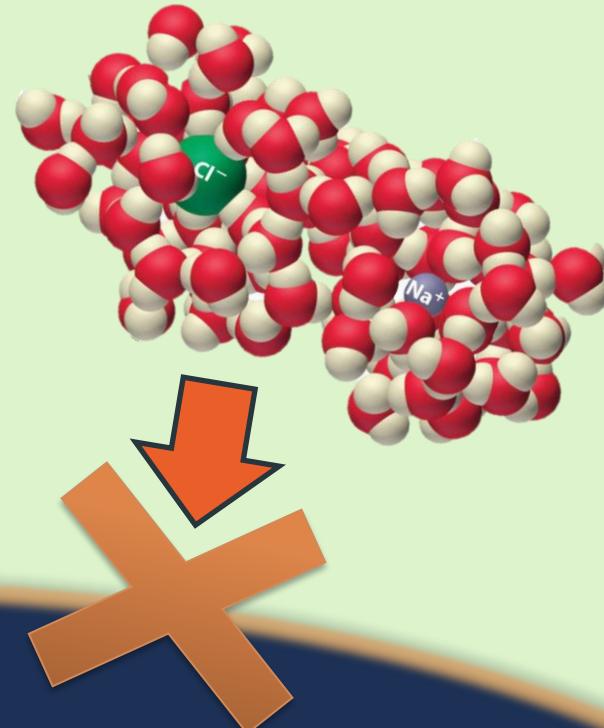
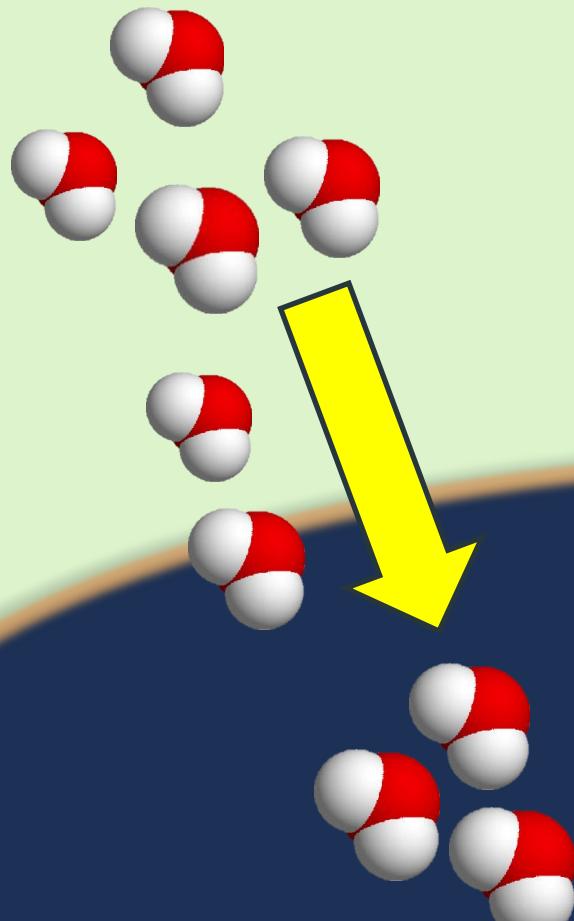
Aw 0.61 (0.7) to 0.85 (0.88)

**Low moisture foods Aw
0-0.6 (no growth)**

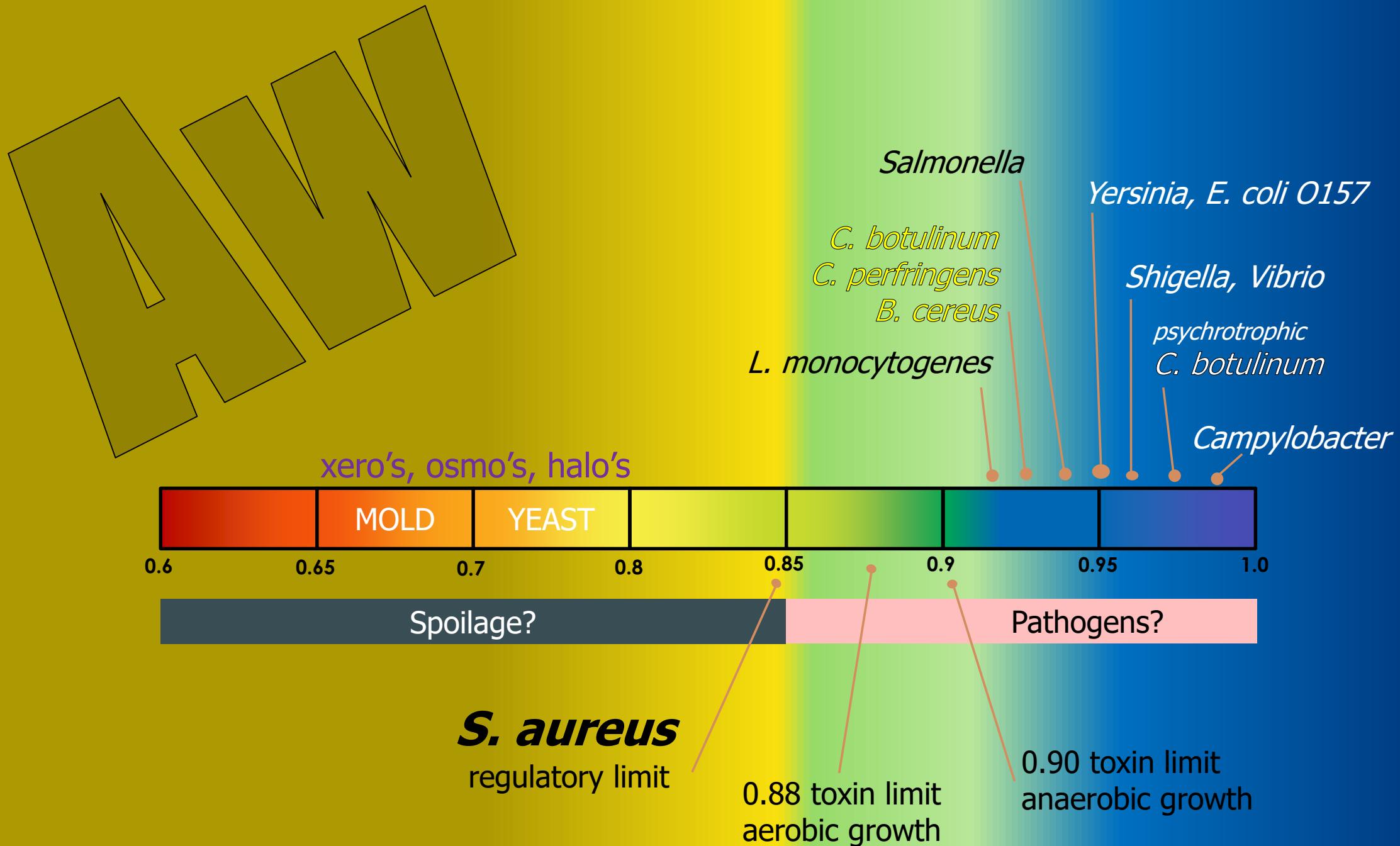
**High moisture foods
Aw 0.86 – 1.0
pathogen growth**



Water Activity 0 – 1.0



bacteria



SV



VP



Cook



Chill



Cold Hold

		pH		
		≤ 4.6	4.6-5.6	> 5.6
Aw	≤ 0.92			
	0.92-0.95			
	> 0.95			

Non TCS = ROP = no HACCP

SV



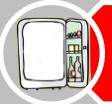
VP



Cook



Chill



Cold Hold

strict
Aerobes
Molds
some *Bacillus cereus*



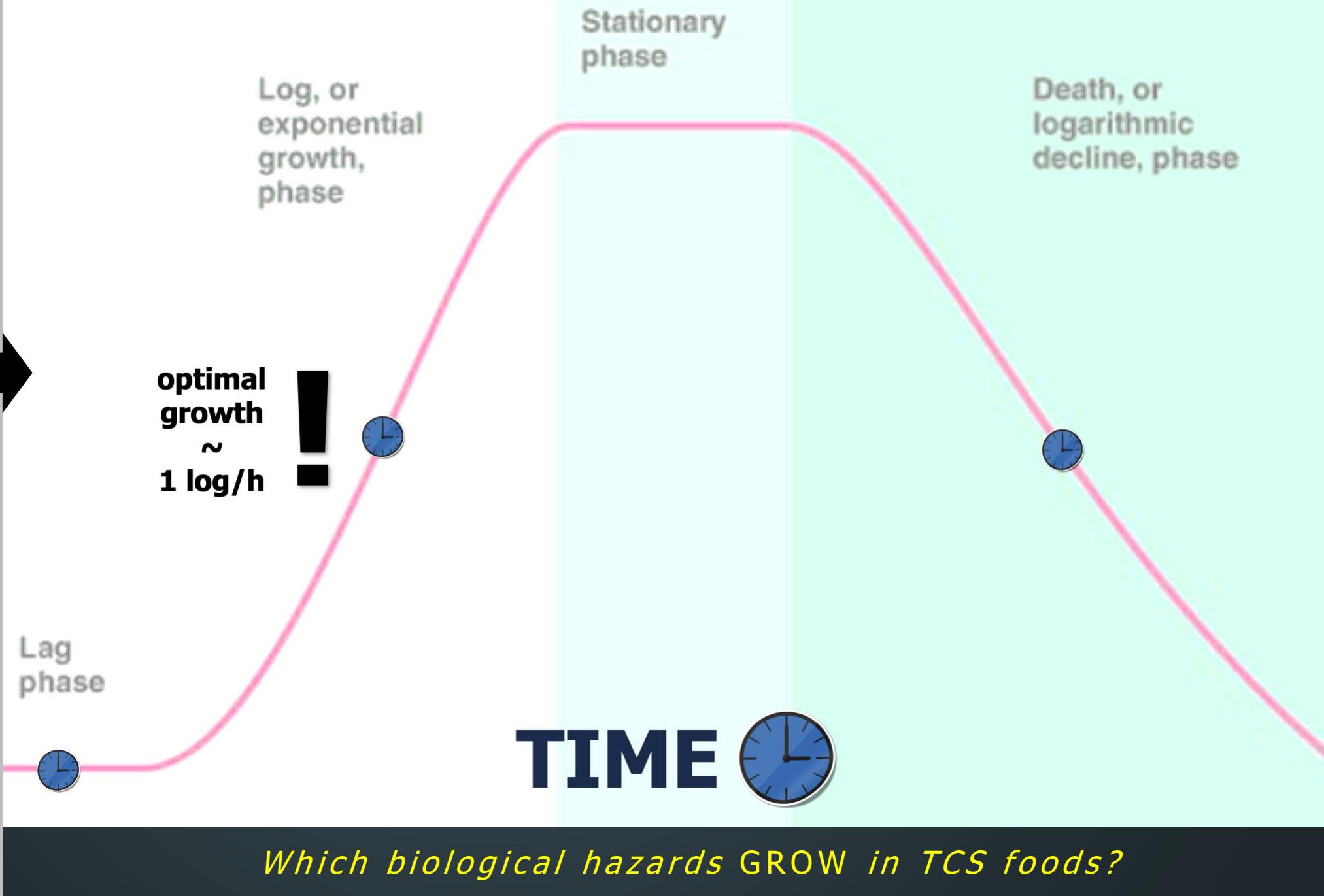
OXYGEN

Micro aerophile
Campylobacter

strict
Anaerobes
Clostridium botulinum
Clostridium perfringens

Facultative
Everybody else

SV



SV



VP



Cook



Chill



Cold Hold

Infection, toxicoinfection, or toxin?

<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<i>Campylobacter jejuni</i>	<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>	psychrotrophic <i>Clostridium botulinum</i>	<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<i>Escherichia coli O157 H7</i>
Emetic = toxin Diarrheal = toxicoinfection	I	toxin	toxin	toxicoinfection	I
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	<i>Salmonella</i>	<i>Shigella</i>	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	Vibrios	<i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i>
I	I	I	toxin	I	I

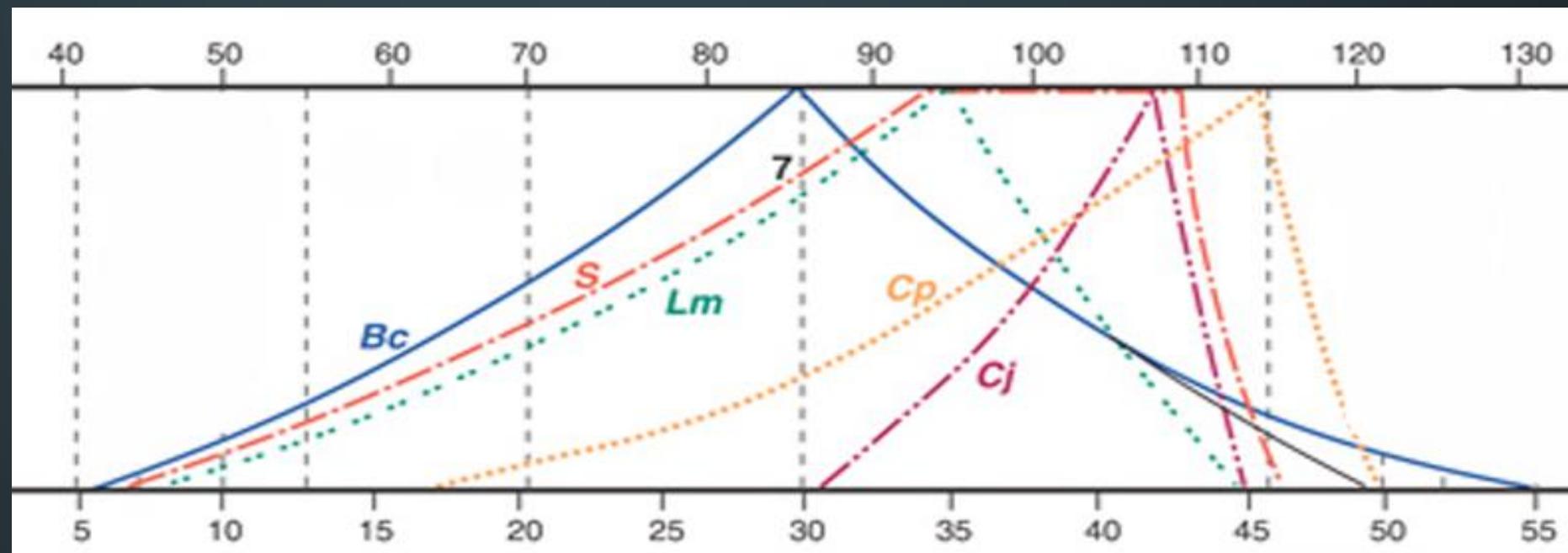
1. Will spores [veg. cells] of *B. cereus* or *C. perfringens* cause FBI?
2. Properly cook (reheat) a food that has *B. cereus* or *C. perfringens* veg. cells, is there potential for FBI?
3. Will preformed toxin of *S. aureus*, *C. botulinum*, or *B. cereus* (emetic) cause FBI?
4. For foods that will be thoroughly cooked, which toxin formers are still biological hazards?

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Pathogen growth temperature (°F) minimums – maximums

<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<i>Campylobacter jejuni</i>	<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>	psychrotrophic <i>Clostridium botulinum</i>	<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<i>Escherichia coli O157 H7</i>
40 - 131 50 - 110 toxins	86 - 113	50 - 118	38 - 113	50 - 126	44 - 122
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	<i>Salmonella</i>	<i>Shigella</i>	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	Vibrios	<i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i>
34 - 113	41 - 115	44 - 117	50 - 118	41 - 113	34 - 108



SV



**COME
UP TIME**

?growth 50-126°F
?toxins 50-126°F

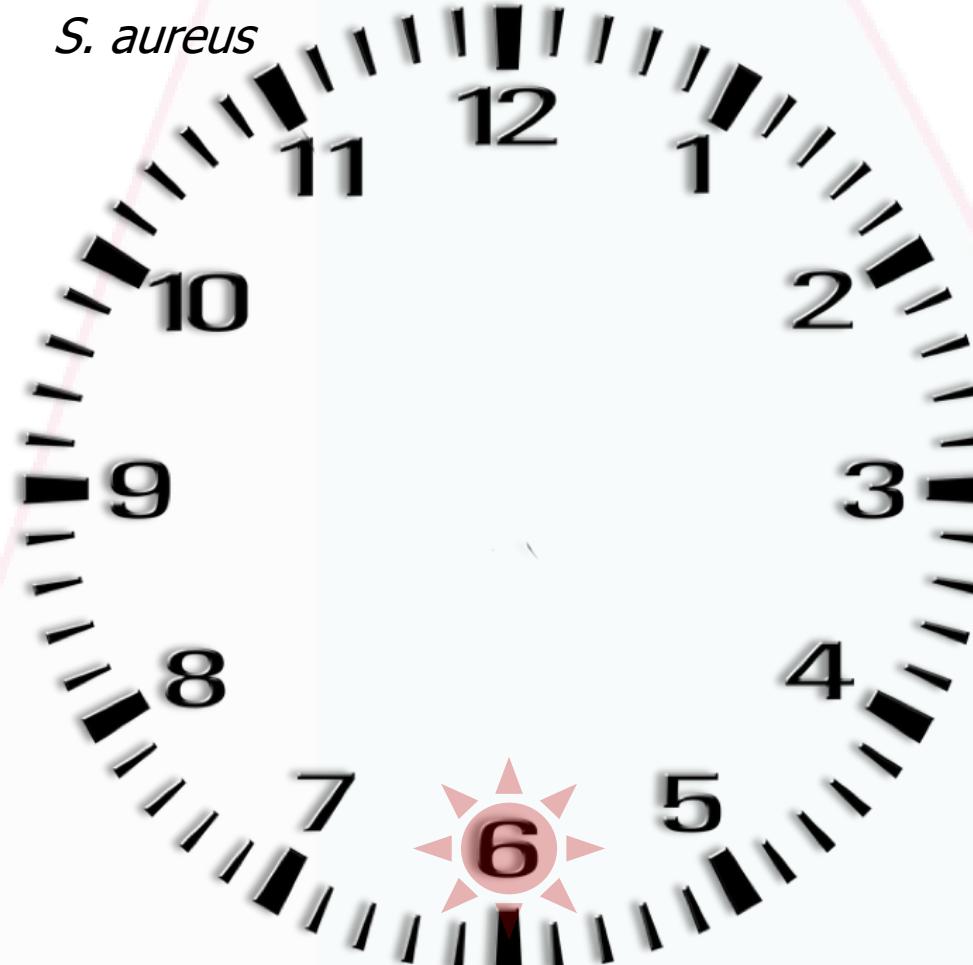
C. botulinum

S. aureus

LAG TIME

B. cereus

C. perfringens



SV



VP



Cook



Chill



Cold Hold

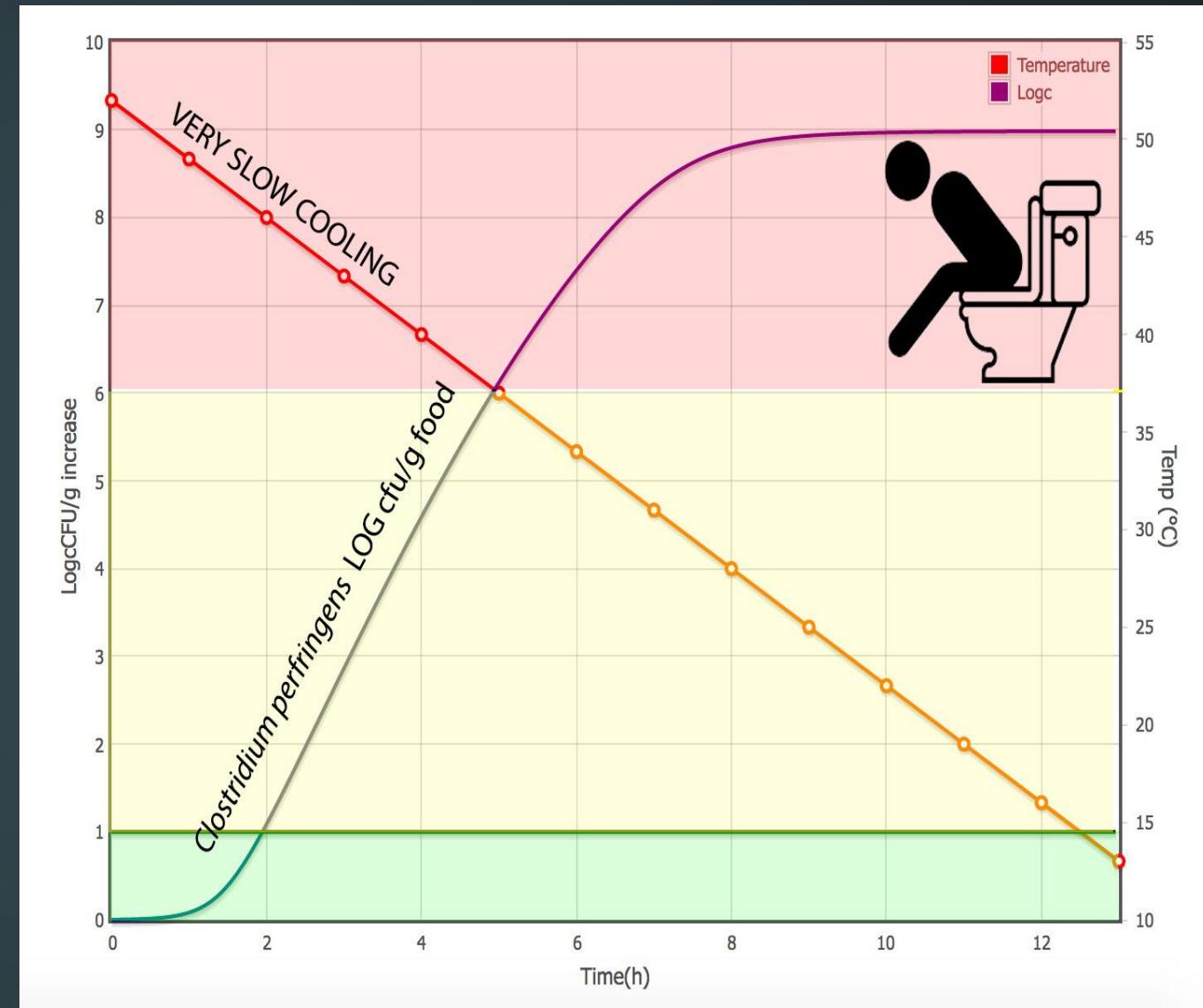
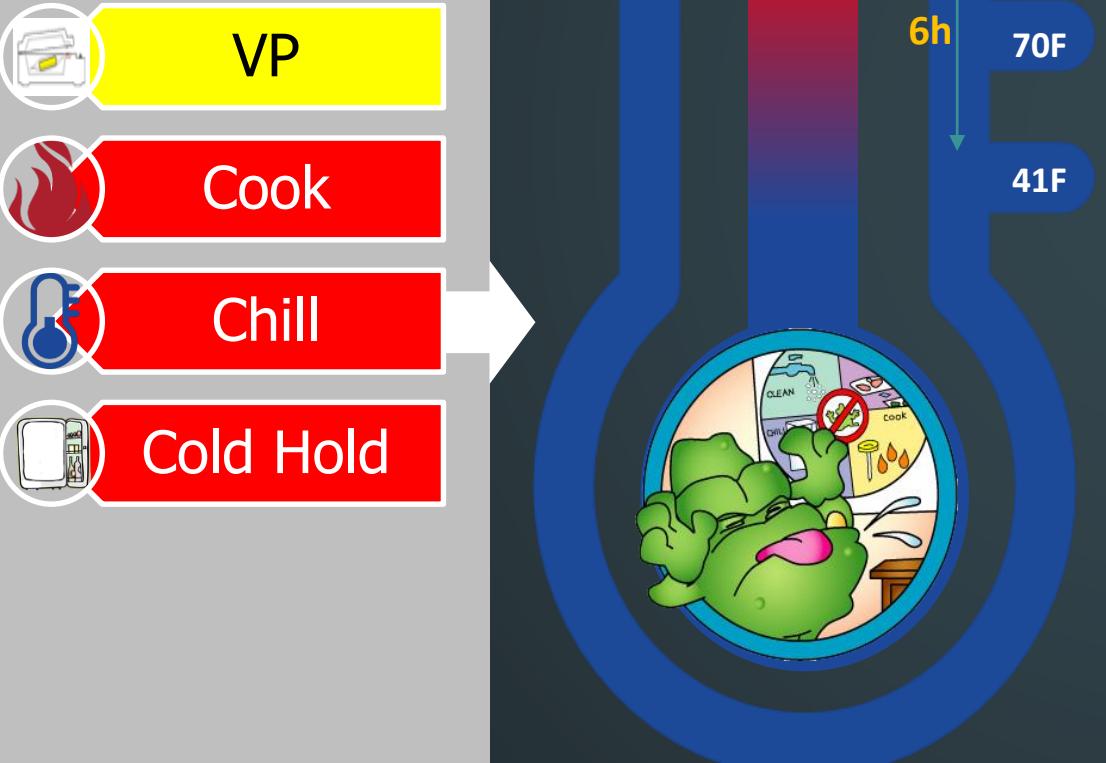


Temp °F	Temp °C	Time for 5.0 log <i>E_c</i> Reduction Min.
130	54.4	86
131	55.0	69
132	55.6	55
133	56.1	44
134	56.7	35
135	57.2	28
136	57.8	22
137	58.4	18
138	58.9	14
139	59.5	11
140	60.0	9
141	60.6	7
142	61.1	6
143	61.7	5
144	62.2	4
145	62.8	3
146	63.3	130
147	63.9	103
148	64.4	82
149	65.0	65
150	65.6	52
151	66.1	41
152	66.7	33
153	67.2	26
154	67.8	21
155	68.3	17
156	68.9	14
157	69.4	11
158	70.0	0
159	70.6	0
160	71.1	0

Temperature (° F)	Time for Chicken	Time for Turkey
136	81.4 min	70.8 min
137	65.5 min	58.5 min
rubbery texture	52.9 min	48.5 min
138	43 min	40.4 min
139	35 min	33.7 min
140	28.7 min	28.2 min
141	23.5 min	23.7 min
142	19.3 min	19.8 min
143	15.9 min	16.6 min
144	13 min	13.8 min
145	10.6 min	11.5 min
146	8.6 min	9.4 min
147	6.8 min	7.7 min
148	5.4 min	6.2 min
149	4.2 min	4.9 min
150	3.1 min	3.8 min
151	2.3 min	2.8 min
152	1.6 min	2.1 min
153	1.1 min	1.6 min
154	54.4 sec	1.3 min
155	43 sec	1 min
156	34 sec	50.4 sec
157	26.9 sec	40.9 sec
158	21.3 sec	33.2 sec
159	16.9 sec	26.9 sec
160	13.3 sec	21.9 sec
161	10.5 sec	17.7 sec
162	<10.0 sec	14.4 sec
163	<10.0 sec	11.7 sec
164	<10.0 sec	<10.0 sec
165	<10.0 sec	<10.0 sec

7D log reduction *Salmonella*

SV



SV



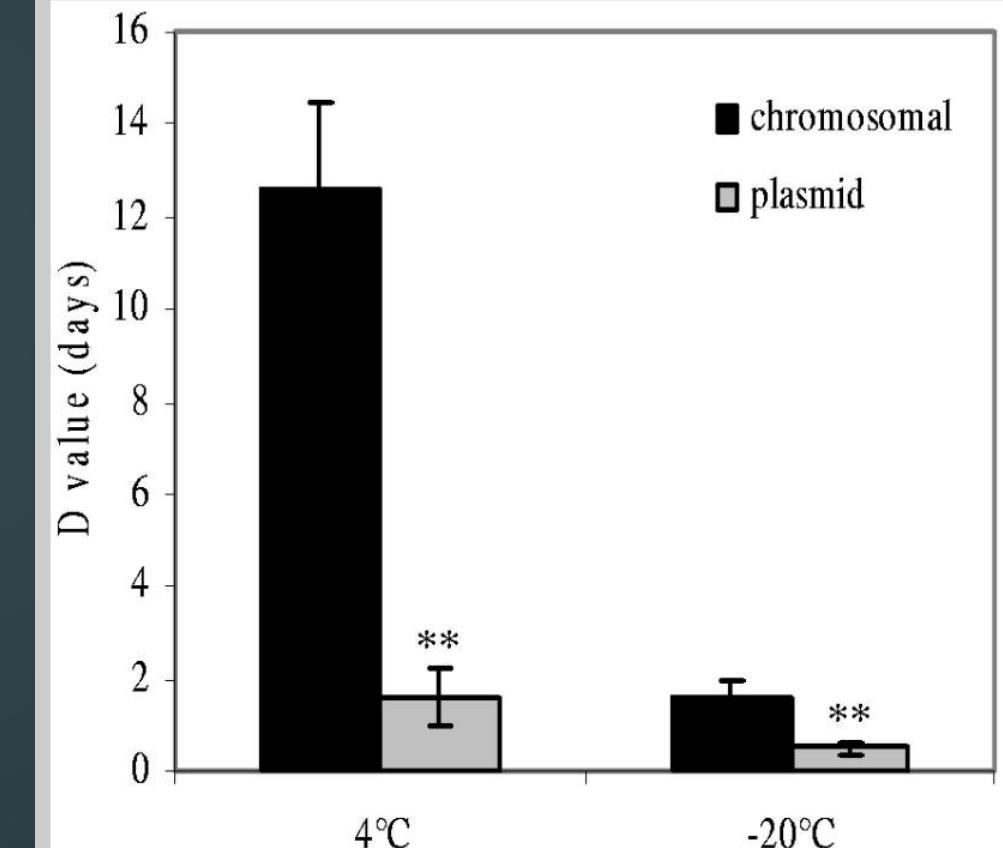
C perfringens cell death during cold holding

Appl Environ Microbiol. 2006 Jul; 72(7): 4561–4568.
doi: [10.1128/AEM.00177-06](https://doi.org/10.1128/AEM.00177-06)

PMCID: PMC1489334
PMID: [16820444](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/16820444/)

Further Comparison of Temperature Effects on Growth and Survival of *Clostridium perfringens* Type A Isolates Carrying a Chromosomal or Plasmid-Borne Enterotoxin Gene

Jihong Li and Bruce A. McClane *

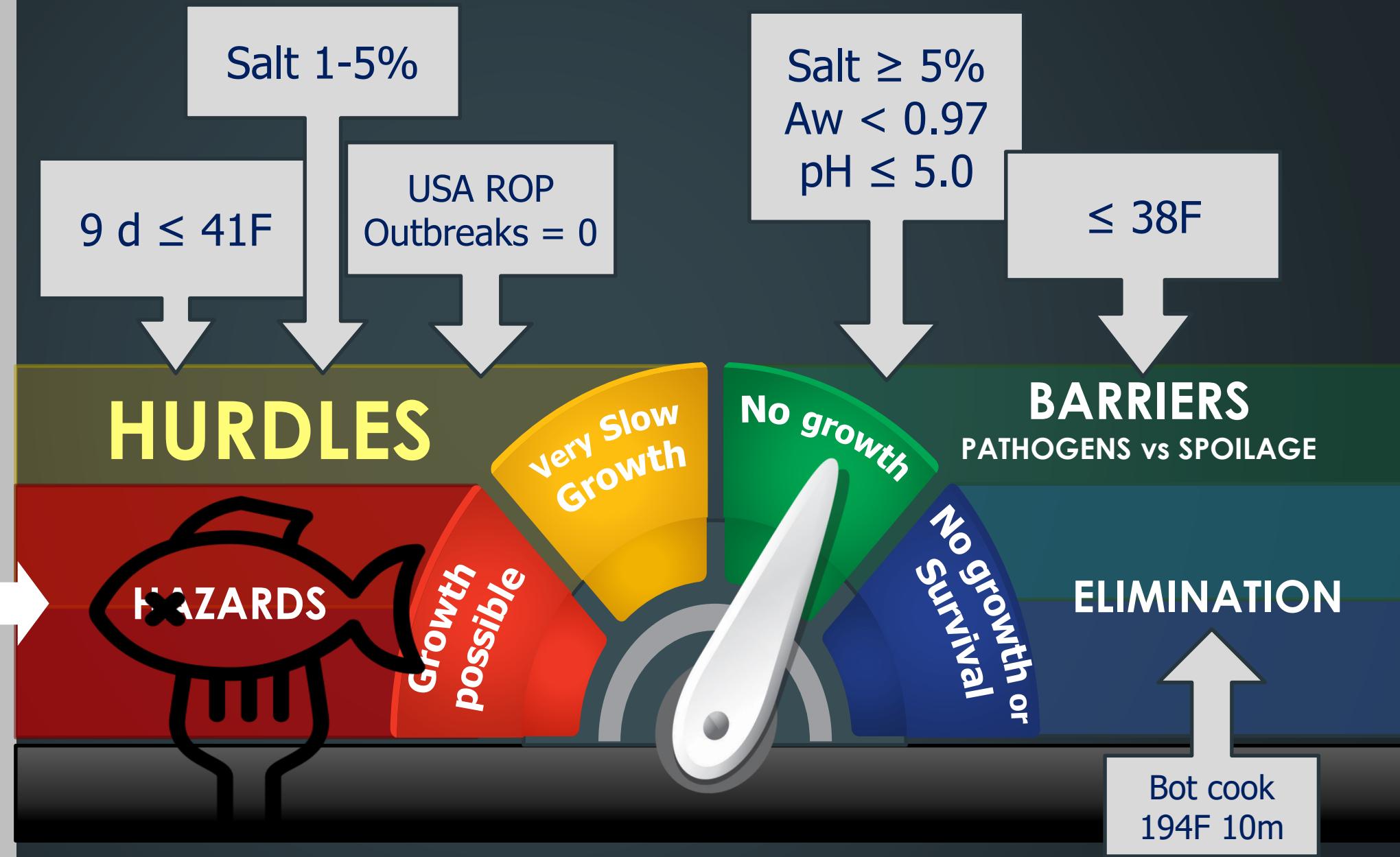


What about *Listeria monocytogenes* during cold holding SV foods?

Psychrotrophic *C. botulinum* risk analysis

SV

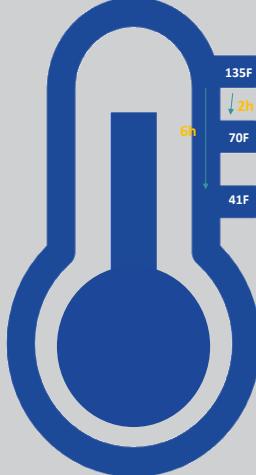
-  VP
-  Cook
-  Chill
-  Cold Hold



HACCP SUMMARY

SV

-  VP
-  Cook
-  Chill
-  Cold Hold

COOK	CHILL	COLD HOLD
<p>Safe come up time “incubation” Ø 50-126F</p> <p></p> <p>Cook time@ temperature to USDA beef/pork or poultry cooking standards</p>	<p>3-501.14 Standard</p> <p></p>	<p>3-502.12 Standards</p> <p>30 d @ ≤ 34F HACCP</p> <p>7 d @ ≤ 41F HACCP</p> <p>2 d @ ≤ 41F</p> <p>3-502.12 (F) Ø HACCP</p>



My website	food-safety.guru
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New FDA approved online small acid(ified) food processor course	\$300 available to anyone, anywhere