## **Leading Causes of Foodborne Illness**



Not keeping food hot (135° F or above) or cold (41° F or below).



Sick food workers.



Not cleaning or sanitizing equipment.



Not cooking food adequately.



Not using safe (commercial) food sources.



Improperly cooling food.



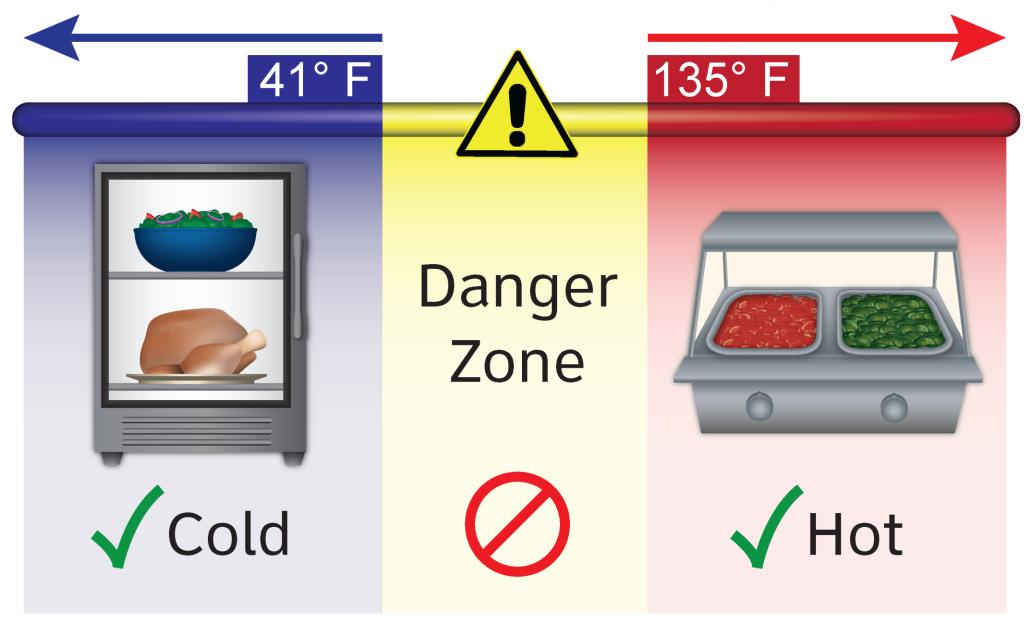
Bare hand contact with ready-to-eat food.



Improper handwashing.



## **Keep Food Out of the Danger Zone**

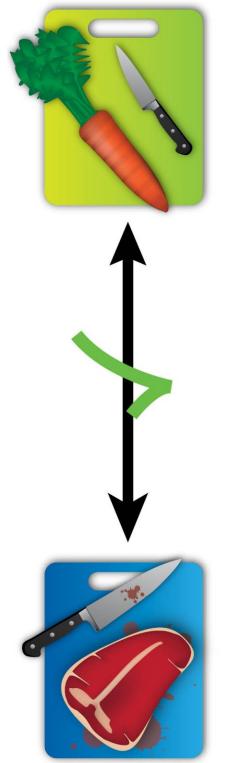


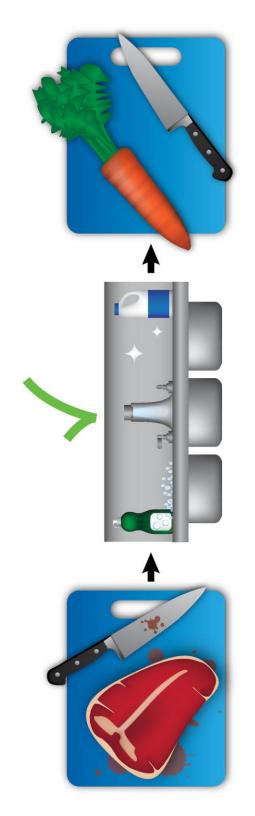


Scan for more information:



## **Avoid Cross Contamination**









more information: Scan for



## Cooking Temperatures



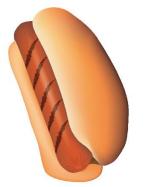
















Poultry, stuffed food













### **Sick Food Workers**

If you have diarrhea, vomiting, jaundice or coughing and sneezing



If you have tested positive for any of these

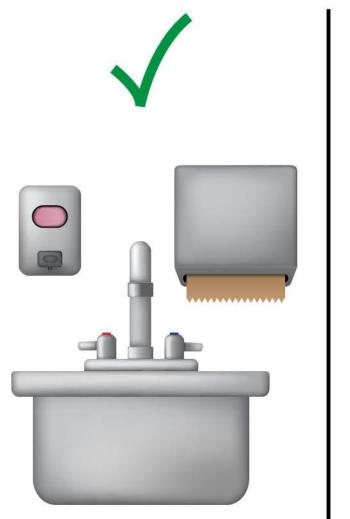


You may not return to work until your symptoms are gone for 24 hours or a doctor says you can.





## Keep Handwashing Station Clear and Stocked

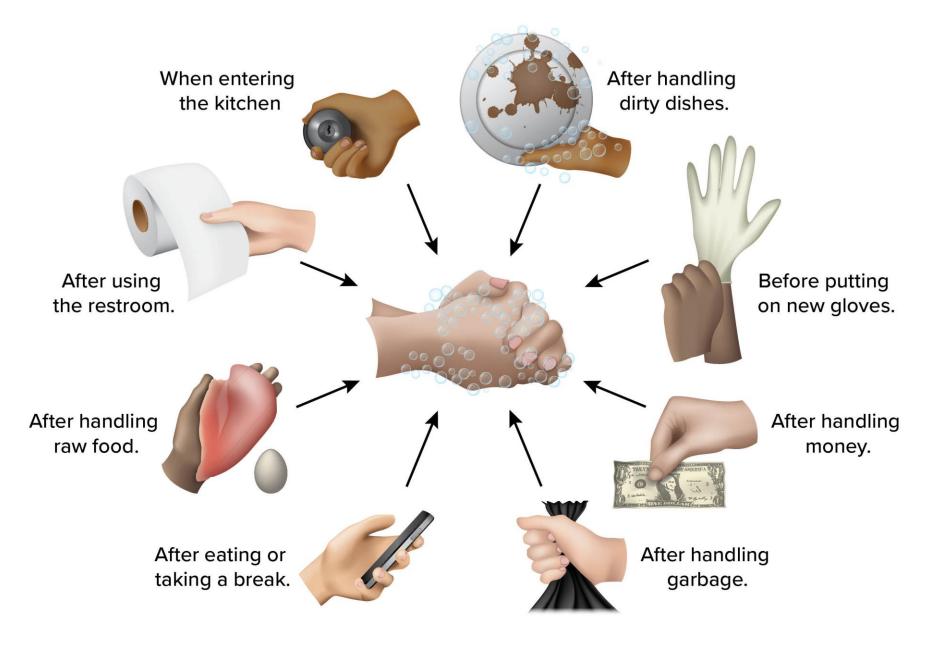






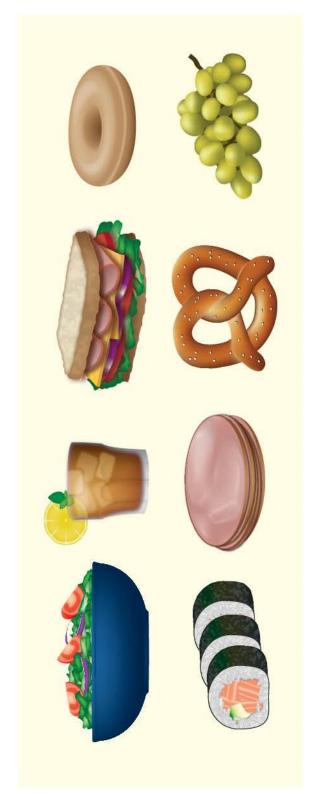


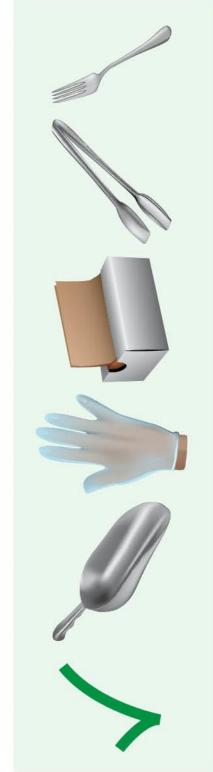
## When to Wash Your Hands:





## Do Not Touch Ready-to-Eat Foods with Bare Hands







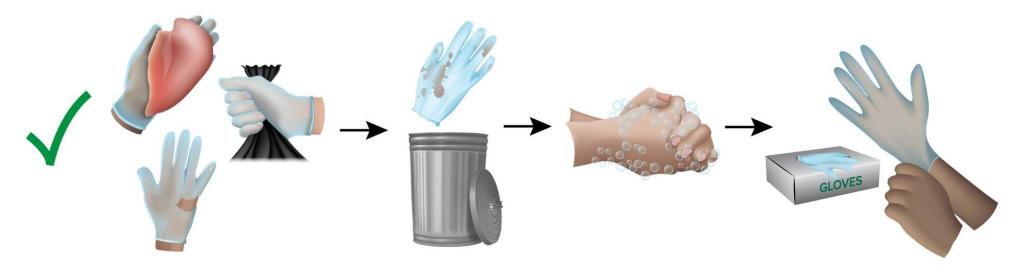




## **Good Glove Use**

Change gloves after handling raw meat, touching unclean items, or if they become torn or damaged.

Wash hands when you change gloves.



Avoid using only one glove.

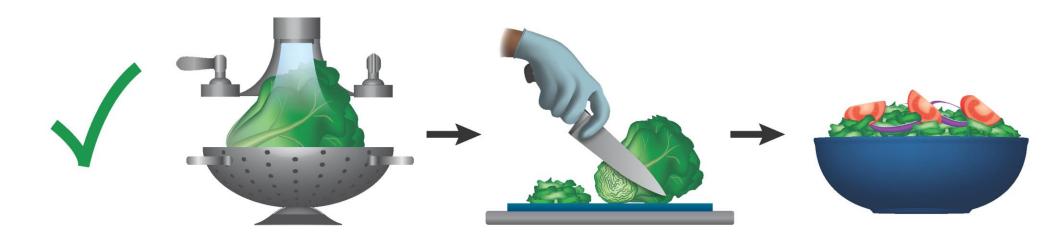


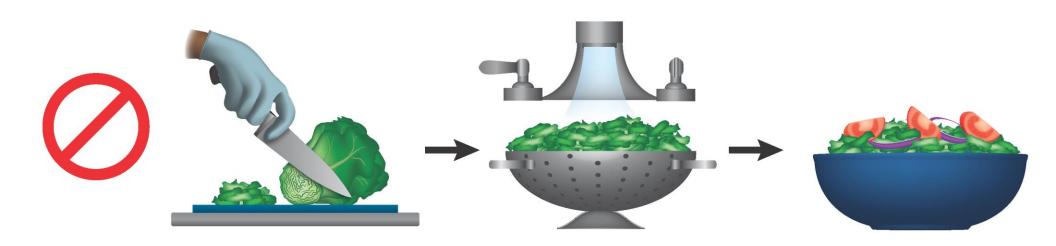
Do not wash and reuse gloves. Gloves are single-use only.





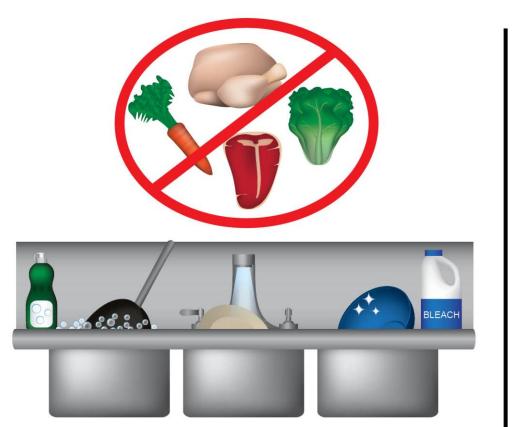
## Rinse Produce Before Preparing or Serving

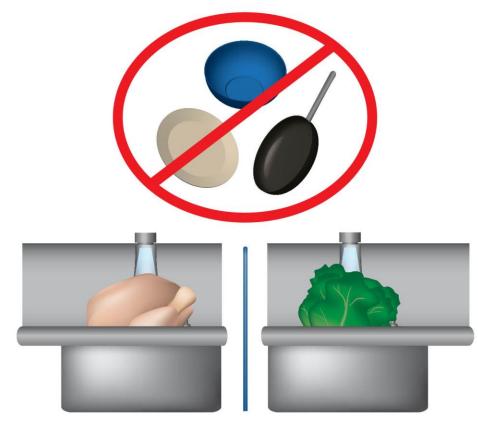






## No food in three-compartment sink. No dishes in food prep sink.

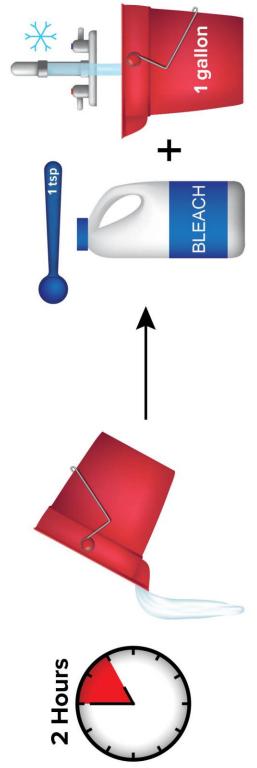






## How to Use Sanitize











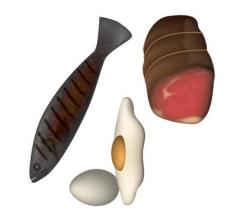
## **Potentially Hazardous Foods**

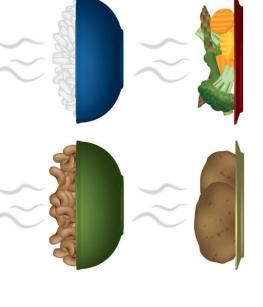
Dairy products.

Meat, seafood and eggs.

cooked potatoes and cooked vegetables Cooked rice, cooked beans,







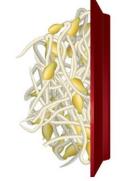


Cut melons.

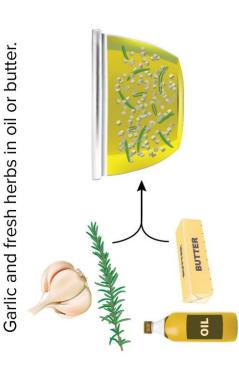
Cut leafy greens.

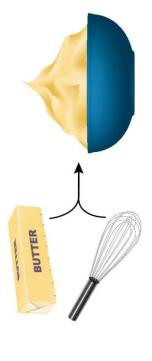


Cut tomatoes.

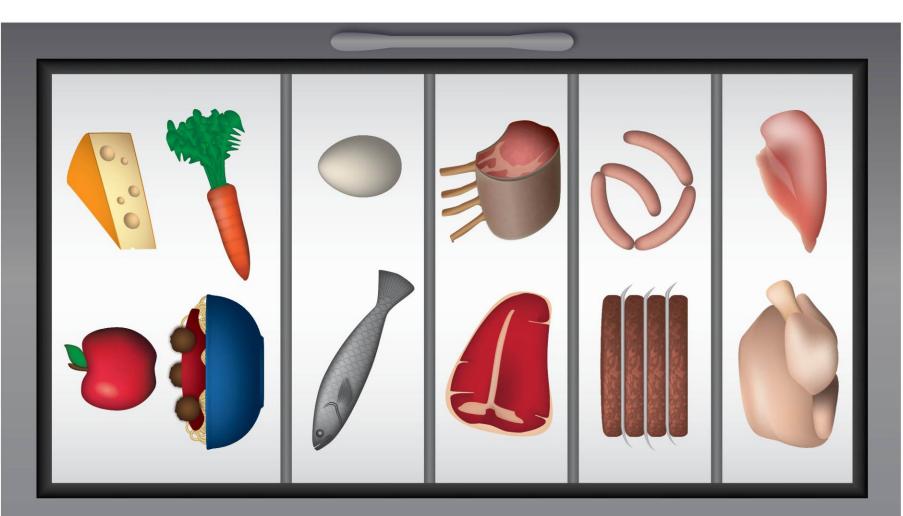


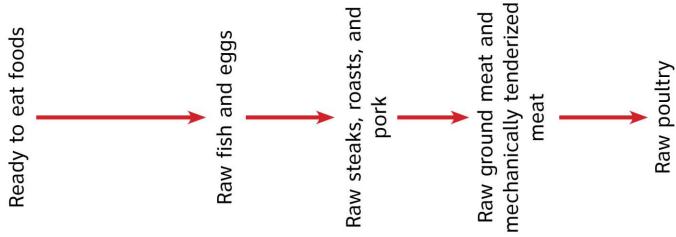
Whipped butter.













# How to Use a Thermometer

